Amniotic mesenchymal stem cells have robust angiogenic properties and are effective in treating wound and ischemic hindlimb

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Neovascularization in Adult Mammals



Stem cells for the treatment of various ischemic organs



Raffi et al. Nature medicine 2003

Mechanisms of stem cells action in cardiac repair



Gnecchi et al. Circ. Res. 2008

Ongoing Issue with adult stem cells

 Severe controversy exists regarding the transdifferentiation of BM-derived cells or MSCs : does vasculogenesis really occur in vivo?

> Ziegelhoff *et al*. Circ 2004 Phinney et al. Stem cells 2007

Mechanisms of adult stem cells action in cardiac repair



Gnecchi et al. Circ. Res. 2008

Amniotic mesenchymal stem cells

- Fetal tissue-derived stem cells?
- Amniotic membrane is a high throughput source for multipotent MSCs



Zhang et al. Exp Hematol 2004 Yen et al. Stem cells 2005 Alviano et al. BMC dev 2007

 We hypothesized that amniotic MSCs (AMMs) possess high angio-vasculogenic potential?

Study Aim

To investigate the angio-vasculogenic property of human amniotic mesenchymal stem cells (AMMs)

AMM cells express MSC specific markers



Gray: isotype control

AMMs significantly express angiogenic genes

(qRT-PCR)



HUVEC (HUV), Human dermal fibroblast (HDF), Human Adipo MSC (ADM)

AMMs significantly secrete angiogenic protein

(ELISA)



AMMs exhibit higher anti-apoptotic property











AMMs-CM significantly affect cell migration



AMMs-CM significantly induced Matrigel tube



AMMs highly formed Matrigel tube



AMMs formed vascular-like structure in vitro

(Endothelial cell differentiation)

Α

D0

D10





CD146 DAPI



AMMs highly express endothelial protein in vitro





Endothelial cell differentiation At Day 5

AMMs highly express endothelial genes in vitro

(Endothelial cell differentiation: RT-PCR)



Study design (in vivo)



Transplantation of AMMs enhance wound healing and re-epithelialisation



Increased AMM engraftment and differentiation in wound area



Favourable therapeutic effects of AMMs in hind limb ischemia



Differentiation of AMM into endothelial cell in ischemic hindlimb







FISH: human X chromosome











Summary

- AMMs exhibited high angio-vasculogenic and antiapoptotic properties.

- Transplantation of AMMs show enhanced therapeutic effects in wound and hindblimb ischemia.

Conclusion

These data suggested that AMMs could be used as promising angio-vasculogenic stem cells for treating ischemic cardiovascular diseases.

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